

BHARATHIDASAN UNIVERSITY, TIRUCHIRAPPALLI 620 024

B.A. Public Administration Course Structure under CBCS

(Applicable to the candidates admitted from the academic year 2016 -2017 onwards)

Sem	Part	Course	Ins. Hrs	Credit	Exam Hours	Marks		Total
						Int.	Ext.	
	I	Language Course – I (LC) – Tamil*/Other Languages +#	6	3	3	25	75	100
	II	English Language Course - I (ELC)	6	3	3	25	75	100
	III	Core Course – I (CC) Introduction to Public Administration	6	5	3	25	75	100
I		Core Course – II (CC) Principles of Organisation	6	5	3	25	75	100
		Allied Course –I (AC) Outlines of Political Theory	4	3	3	25	75	100
	IV	Value Education	2	2	3	25	75	100
	Total		30	21				600
II	Ι	Language Course – II (LC) - Tamil*/Other Languages +#	6	3	3	25	75	100
	II	English Language Course – II (ELC)	6	3	3	25	75	100
	III	Core Course – III(CC) Indian Administration	6	5	3	25	75	100
		Core Course – IV (CC) Modern Governments	6	5	3	25	75	100
		Allied Course – II (AC) Introduction to Sociology	4	3	3	25	75	100
		Environmental Studies	2	2	3	25	75	100
	Total		30	21				600

III	I	Language Course – III (LC) Tamil*/Other Languages +#	6	3	3	25	75	100
	II	English Language Course - III (ELC)	6	3	3	25	75	100
	III	Core Course – V (CC)	6	5	3	25	75	100
		Administrative Thought						
		Core Course – VI (CC)	6	5	3	25	75	100
		Public Personnel Administration						
		Allied Course – III(AC)	4	3	3	25	75	100
		Indian National Movement						
	IV	Non Major Elective I – for those who	2	2	3	25	75	100
		studied Tamil under Part I						
		a) Basic Tamil for other language						
		students						
		b) Special Tamil for those who						
		studied Tamil upto 10th +2 but						
		opt for other languages in degree						
		programme						
		c) Public Administration for Civil						
		Services						
	Total		30	21				600
IV	I	Language Course –IV (LC)	6	3	3	25	75	100
		Tamil*/Other Languages +#		_	_			
	II	English Language Course – IV (ELC)	6	3	3	25	75	100
	III	Core Course – VII (CC) –	5	5	3	25	75	100
		Public Financial Administration in India	_	_	_			
		Core Course - VIII (CC)-	5	5	3	25	75	100
		Labour Welfare Administration						
		Allied Course – IV (AC)	4	3	3	25	75	100
	***	Indian Constitution				0.7		100
	IV	Non Major Elective II – for those who	2	2	3	25	75	100
		studied Tamil under Part I						
		a) Basic Tamil for other language						
		students						
		b) Special Tamil for those who						
		studied Tamil upto 10 th +2 but						
		opt for other languages in degree						
		programme						
		c) Indian Government and Administration						
	V	Skill Based Elective I	2	2	3	25	75	100
			30	23	3	23	13	700
i	TOTAL		311			•	i	/

V	III	Core Course – IX (CC)	5	5	3	25	75	100
		Welfare Administration in India						
		Core Course – X (CC)	5	5	3	25	75	100
		Development Administration in India						
		Core Course – XI (CC)	5	5	3	25	75	100
		Police System in India						
		Core Course – XII (CC)	5	5	3	25	75	100
		IT Administration						
		Major Based Elective – I	4	3	3	25	75	100
		NGO Management						
	IV	Skill Based Elective – II	2	2	3	25	75	100
	IV	Skill Based Elective – III	2	2	3	25	75	100
		Soft Skills Development	2	2	3	25	75	100
		Total	30	29				800
VI	III	Core Course – XIII (CC)	6	5	3	25	75	100
		Legislative Studies (UK, USA, India)						
		Core Course – XIV (CC)	6	5	3	25	75	100
		Administrative Law in India						
		Core Course – XV (CC)	6	5	3	25	75	100
		Local Government	_					100
		Major Based Elective II	5	4	3	25	75	100
		Environmental Administration				2.7		100
		Major Based Elective III	6	4	3	25	75	100
		Human Rights						
	V	Extension Activities		1	-	-	-	-
		Gender Studies	1	l l	3	25	75	100
		Total	30	25				600
		Grand Total	180	140	-	-	-	3900

Language Part – I 4 English Part –II 4 **Core Paper** 15 Allied Paper 4 2 Non-Major Elective **Skill Based Elective** 3 **Major Based Elective** 3 **Environmental Studies** Value Education **Soft Skill Development** 1 **Gender Studies**

Extension Activities - 1 (Credit only)

those who studied Tamil upto 10^{th} +2 but opt for other languages in degree level under Part I should study special Tamil in Part IV

Non Major Elective I & II – for those who studied Tamil under Part I

- a) Basic Tamil I & II for other language students
- b) Special Tamil I & II for those who studied Tamil upto 10th or +2 but opt for other languages in degree programme

Note:

1. Theory Internal 25 marks External 75 marks

2. Separate passing minimum is prescribed for Internal and External

The passing minimum for CIA shall be 40% out of 25 marks (i.e. 10 marks)
The passing minimum for University Examinations shall be 40% out of 75 marks (i.e. 30 marks)

^{*} for those who studied Tamil upto 10th +2 (Regular Stream)

⁺ Syllabus for other Languages should be on par with Tamil at degree level

^{**} Extension Activities shall be out side instruction hours

CORE COURSE – I

INTRODUCTION TO PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

Objectives:

- 1. To make the student to understand the elements of Administration, its evolution, Theories and Principles as a new discipline
- 2. To enable them to study the recent changes in the field of Public Administration

Unit- I

Meaning, Nature and Scope of Public Administration – Public Administration and Private Administration – Public Administration and other Social Sciences (Political Science, History, Economics, Sociology)

Unit – II

Evolution of Public Administration – Politics Administration Dichogomy – Role of Public Administration in Modern Times

Unit – III

New Public Administration – Principles and Tools of Public Administration – E-Governance.

Unit-IV

Public Management – New Dimensions of Public Administration – State v/s Market Debate

Unit-V

Public Accountability – Citizen Charter – Integrity in Administration

- 1. A.R. Tyagi Principles and Practice of Administration, Atma Ram Publications, 1966
- 2. Ramki Basu Public Administration : Concepts and Theories, Sterling Publishers, New Delhi, 2012
- 3. Dr.B.L.Fadia, Public Administration in India, Sahitya Bhavan, Agra, 2015

CORE COURSE – II

PRINCIPLES OF ORGANISATION

Objective:

- 1. To highlight the importance of organisational structures
- 2. To make the students understand the basic principles of organisation and its significance.

Unit- I

Meaning, Nature and Scope and Importance of Organization – Types of Organisation – Bases of Organisation.

Unit – II

Hierarchy – Unity of Command – Span of Control – Co-Ordination – Centralisation v/s Decentralisation.

Unit – III

Department – Board – Public Corporation – Commission.

Unit-IV

Line – Staff – Auxiliary Agencies – Head Quarters and Field Relationship.

Unit-V

Supervision – Leadership- Communication – Decision Making.

- 1. L.M. Prasad Principles of Organisation and Management, Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi, 2015.
- 2. Stephen Robbinsons Organisation Theory Structure, Design and Application, Prentice Hall, USA, 1987.
- 3. S.K.Bhatia ,Organisation Theory And Designs: Contemporary Concepts And Emerging Trends,Deep and Deep Publications , New Delhi , 2009.

ALLIED COURSE - I

OUTLINES OF POLITICAL THEORY

Objectives:

- 1. To make the students understand the basic concepts of political theory
- 2. To enable them to study the different elements of the political theory

Unit – I

Meaning, Nature and Scope of Political Science – State – Government- Classification of Constitution.

Unit – II

Theories of State – Divine Theory – Social Contract Theory – Evolutionary Theory.

Unit- III

Rights – Liberty – Equality

Unit – IV

Sovergnity – Types of Sovergnity – Federal and Unitary form of Government.

Unit - V

Democracy – Election – Political Parties.

- 1. Bhargava, R and Acharya A. An Introduction to Political Throry, Pearson Longman,New Delhi
- 2. Kukathas, Ch, and Gaus G.F. Handbook of Political Thory, Sage Publishers, 2004
- 3. Vincent A. The Nature of Political Theory, Oxford University Press, New York, 2004

CORE COURSE - III

INDIAN ADMINISTRATION

Objective:

It facilitates the students to understand its various aspects of the subjects - evolution and constitutional frame work, salient features of Indian Administration, Union executive, State executive, District Administration.

Unit - I

Evolution of Indian Administration - Constitutional Framework - Salient Feature of Indian Administration.

Unit - II

Union Administration – President - Prime Minister - Council of Ministers – Ministries and Departments – Supreme Court.

Unit - III

State Administration – Executive – Council of Ministers – Departments and Directorate – State Public Service Commission – High Court – District Administration – Local Government

Unit - IV

Constitutional Authorities - Finance Commission - Union Public Service Commission - Election Commission - Comptroller and Auditor General of India

Unit - V

Issues in Indian Administration - Generalists vs. Specialists - Centre-State relations Corruption - Lokpal, Lokayuktha - Administrative Reforms in India

- 1. Dr.Vishnoo Bhagwan and Dr.Vidya Bhushan Indian Administration, S.Chand and Company Ltd., New Delhi, 2011.
- 2. M.Sharma, Indian Administration, Anmol Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2007.
- 3. S.R. Maheswari ,Indian Administration, S.Chand Co., New Delhi, 2010.

CORE COURSE - IV

MODERN GOVERNMENTS

Objectives:

- 1. To help the students to get familiar with the structure and functions of Government Systems in the USA, UK and Switzerland.
- 2. To make them know the basics of the above said Governments in the present scenario.

Unit - I

State - Government - Division of Powers- Unitary and Federal State-Constitution and its Classification - Forms of Governments

Unit - II

Salient features of the British constitution- Conventions-Positions of the Monarch-Prime Minister-Council of Ministers- Parliament- Judiciary- Rule of Law- Party System

Unit - III

Salient features of the US constitution- Federal System-Separation of powers- President - Congress- Committee system- Judicial Review- Party System

Unit - IV

Salient Features of the Swiss constitution- Federal Government- Amending process of swiss Constitution- Federal Tribunal- Devices of Direct Democracy- Party System

Unit - V

Comparative study of Civil Services in UK, USA and Switzerland Comparative Study of Local Government Institutions in UK, USA and Switzerland References:

- 1. Arora R.K. Comparative Public Administration, Unique Publishers, New Delhi, 2007
- 2. Rathod P.B., Comparative Public Administration ABD publishers Jaipur.2007
- 3. Vishnoo Bhagvan and Vidhya Bhoosan, World Constitutions, Sultan Chand, New Delhi, 1987

ALLIED COURSE - II

INTRODUCTION TO SOCIOLOGY

Objectives:

- 1. To facilitate the students to understand the elements of Sociology
- 2. To help the students to expose the various basic dimensions of sociology

Unit I

Meaning, Nature and Scope of Sociology – Relationship between Sociology and other Social Sciences – Indian Society.

Unit II

Social Organization – Family – Marriage – Types of Marriage – Social Groups – Socialization Processes

Unit III

Social Structure and Social Stratification – Class – Caste – Social Role and Structure.

Unit IV

Urbanization and Urban Community – Social Conflict - Social Change – Rural Development.

Unit V

Social Movement – Social and Political Elite – Poverty and Development.

- 1. Vidya Bhushan, D.R.Sach Dev ,An Introduction to Sociology , Kitab Mahal, Allahabad 2015.
- 2. M.Francis Abraham , Contemporary Sociology: An Introduction to Concepts and Theories, Vikas Book House, Pune-2014
- 3. Lttp://WWW.amazon.in/vidya Bhushan, Fundamentals of Sociology, 2012

CORE COURSE V

ADMINISTRATIVE THOUGHT

Objectives:

- To make the students to understand ideas of various Thinkers on Administration
- To examine the significance of those ideas in the contemporary world

Unit I

Kautilya - Thiruvalluvar - Woodrow Wilson.

Unit II

Fw Taylor - Henry Fayol - Max Weber - Karl Max.

Unit III

Elton Mayo – H.Simon – C.I.Barnard.

Unit IV

Chris Argyris –Peter Drucker – M.P Follet

Unit V

A. Maslow – McGregor – Herzberg.

- 1. Ravindra Prasad And Sathyanarayana Administrative Thinkers Publishers, New Delhi,2010
- 2. Sapru.R.U Administrative Thinkers And Management Thought _ Prentice Hall, New Delhi,2000
- 3. Singh R.N Management Thinkers Sultan Chand Publishers, New Delhi.

CORE COURSE VI

PUBLIC PERSONNEL ADMINISTRATION

Objectives:

- 1. To make the students understand the process of recruitment of the public personnel and how they are given training.
- 2. To make them familiar with the Policies and Practices of Public Personnel system
- 3. After Studying this the students will come to know the working of employee association.

Unit 1

Nature and Scope of Public Personnel Administration-Bureaucratic, Aristocratic and Democratic Personnel Systems and their Merits and Demerits

Unit II

Types of Personnel System - Patronage - Spoil System - Merits and Demerits - Merit System - Tenure System- Position Classification.

Unit III

Methods of Recruitment- Contract and Outsourcing - Problems of Recruitment- Agencies for Recruitment - Appointment and Probation - - Recommendations of ARC on personnel Administration.

Unit IV

Training- Objectives of Training-Types of Training-Training for Public Services in India-Promotion- Principles of Promotion-Transfer-Retirement and Retirement Benefits

Unit V

Conduct and discipline- Morale-Employer- Employee relations- employee associations- whitley council - integerity in administration

Books Recommended for study:

- 1. Jain, C.M. Public Personnal Administration, Jaipur, College book publishers, Jaipur, 2003.
- 2. Goel.S.L, Public Personal Administration, Deep&Deep publishers, New Delhi, 2004.
- 3. C.B. Mammoria & V.S.P. Rao, Personnel Management, Jain Book Agency, New Delhi, 2014

ALLIED COURSE III

INDIAN NATIONAL MOVEMENT

Objectives:

- 1. Make the students to learn the significance of National Movement
- 2. To know the role of national leaders in freedom movement
- 3. To inculcate the culture of Nationalism among the learners

Unit- I

East India Company and British Rule in India- First war of independence 1857-Emergence of Indian National Congress, 1885 - Partition of Bengal.

Unit-II

Moderate and extremist leaders- Muslim League- Rowlett Act and Jallianwala Bagh Massacre.

Unit- III

Gandhiji - Non -Cooperation and Civil disobedience movement-Dandi Salt March-Simon Commission-Round Table Conferences.

Unit- IV

Role of Revolutionary Leaders in Freedom movement - Women Leaders - Quit India Movement .

Unit-V

Mount Patten Plan - Partition of India – Independent India - Ambedkar - Constitutional Assembly-Emergence of Indian Republic.

Reference Books

- 1. P. Lakshmikanth, Indian Polity, Macraw Hill, New Delhi, 2015
- 2. D.S. Rajgat, History of India and Indian National Movement, http://www.developindia group.co.in
- 3. Arihant Experts, Indian History & India National Movement, Mumbai, 2014

NON-MAJOR ELECTIVE - I

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION FOR CIVIL SERVICES

Objectives:

- 1. Students studying other majors may get familiarize with the basic concepts of Public Administration
- 2. To expose the students to various basic theories in Public administration.

Unit I - Introduction

Meaning, Nature, Scope and Significance of Public Administration - Comparative Public Administration - Public and Private Administration - New Public Management.

Unit II - Basic Concepts

Organisation - Hierarchy - Unity of command - Span of control - Co-ordination - Centralization and Decentralization - Line and Staff.

Unit III - Theories of Administration

Scientific Management (Taylor and the Scientific Management Movement) - Classical Theory (Fayol, Urwick, Gulick and others) - Bureaucratic Theory (Weber and his critics) - Behavoural Approach - Systems approach.

Unit IV - Administrative Behaviour

Decision making - Communication and control, Leadership.

Unit V - Accountability and Control

The concepts of Accountability and control: Legislative, Executive and Judicial control - Citizen and Administration: Role of civil society - People's Participation and Right to Information

- 1. Avasthi and S.R. Maheswari, "Public Administration', Lakshmi Navas, Agra, 2006
- 2. Rumki Basu, Concepts and Theories of Administration, Sterling Publication, New delhi-2004.
- 3. Lakshmi Kanth P, Public Administration for UPSC McGraw Hill, New Delhi-2011.

CORE COURSE VII

PUBLIC FINANCIAL ADMINISTRATION IN INDIA

Objectives:

- To make the students to understand the basic concepts of Financial Administration
- To enable them to expose the various basic dimension to Financial Administration

UNIT I

Meaning, Nature And Importance of Financial Administration - History of Financial Administration In India - Principles Of Financial Administration.

UNIT II

Budget - Meaning, Importance, Types and Principles - Performance Budgeting - PPBS - Zero Base budgeting.

UNIT III

Finance Ministry – Preparation, Enactment And Execution of The Budget - Finance Commission.

UNIT IV

Accounting and Auditing In India - Separation of Audit And Accounts - Comptroller and Auditor General of India.

UNIT V

Control Over Public Expenditure In India (Executive, Legislative And Audit Control) - Committee To Control the Public Expenditure Public Accounts Committee, Estimates Committee, Committee On Public Undertakings.

- 1) Goel S L, Financial Administration, Deep And Deep Publication, New Delhi, 2002.
- 2) Gupta R.K And Saini P.K Financial Administration In India Deep And Deep Publication, New Delhi.
- 3) Thavaraj M.J.K Financial Administration In India, Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi, 2000.

Core Course VIII

LABOUR WELFARE ADMINISTRATION IN INDIA

Objectives:

- 1. To enable the students to understand the concept of Labour Welfare
- 2. To make them familiar with the working of different trade unions.

UNIT-I

Meaning, Nature, Importance of Labour Welfare - Philosophy of Labour welfare—Historical development of Labour welfare in India.

UNIT –II

Manpower Planning - Recruitment - Training - Wage - Wage Commission - Settlement Female labour - child labour contract labour bonded labour - Rural labour- international labour organization in pursuits of labour welfare - Equal Remuneration

UNIT-III

Statutory and non-statutory welfare provisions - Social security - Major Labour Welfare act : Industrial dispute act (1948) - Bonus act (1965) - ESI act (1948) - Minimum wages act - Group Insurance

UNIT-IV

Trade union- Concept and Definition – History of labour movement in India – The structure and function of Trade union – Trade union act (1926) - The salient feature of trade union in India – Central trade unions - collective bargaining - negotiation.

UNIT V

Industrial relations - concept - morale - discipline - suspension— Reprimand and Dismissal- industrial relations Machinery - Employee Grievance Redressal - Industrial democracy and workers Participation in management - joint consultative machinery - impact of globalization on labour welfare.

Books recommended for study:

- 1. Sharma A.M.-Aspect of social welfare and social security.
- 2. Mehrota Labour Problems in India.
- 3. Tripathy, P.C. Labour welfare and Industrial Relations.

ALLIED COURSES IV

INDIAN CONSTITUTION

Objectives:

- 1. To make the students to understand the basic concepts of Indian Constitution
- 2. To enable them to know to various dimension of Indian Constitution

Unit I

Constitutional Development - Salient Features of Indian Constitution - Preamble

Unit II

Schedule - Law Making - Amendment

Unit III

Union Executive - Parliament - Supreme Court

Unit IV

State Executive - State Legislature - High Courts

Unit V

Union Territories – Executive - Legislature – Judiciary

- 1. P.M. Bakshi, The Constitution of India, Jain Book Agency, New Delhi, 2016
- 2. D.D.Basu, Introduction to Constitution of India, Jain Book Agency, New Delhi, 2014
- 3. Madhav Khosla, The Indian Constitution, Jain Book Agency, New Delhi, 2014

NON-MAJOR ELECTIVE - II

INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND ADMINISTRATION

Objective:

It facilitates the students to understand its various aspects of the subjects - evolution and constitutional frame work, salient features of Indian Administration, Union executive, State executive, District Administration.

Unit - I

Evolution of Indian Administration - Constitutional Development Framework - Salient Feature of Indian constitution

Unit - II

Union Administration – President - Prime Minister - Council of Ministers – Ministries and Departments – Supreme Court.

Unit - III

State Administration – Executive – Council of Ministers – Departments and Directorate – State Public Service Commission – High Court – District Administration – Local Government.

Unit - IV

Constitutional Authorities - Finance Commission - Union Public Service Commission - Election Commission - Comptroller and Auditor General of India

Unit - V

Issues in Indian Administration - Generalists vs. Specialists - Centre-State relations Corruption - Lokpal, Lokayuktha - Administrative Reforms in India

- 1. Dr. Vishnoo Bhagwan and Dr. Vidya Bhushan Indian Administration, S. Chand and Company Ltd., New Delhi, 2011.
- 2. M.Sharma ,Indian Administration ,Anmol Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2007.
- 3. S.R. Maheswari ,Indian Administration, S.Chand Co., New Delhi, 2010.

CORE COURSE - IX

WELFARE ADMINISTRATION IN INDIA

Objectives

- 1. To make students understand the prevalence of social problems in the society
- 2. To make students know the legal protection available for the people in the society.

Unit - I

Welfare State: Definition – Features – Importance of Social Welfare – Kind of Social Welfare: Labour Welfare – Woman and Child Welfare – Welfare of the Aged.

Unit – II

Social Problems – Poverty – Delinquency – Alcoholism, Beggary – Prostitution

Unit - III

Institution for Social Welfare: CSWB, State Social Welfare Board, Voluntary, NGOs: Composition, Function.

Unit - IV

Social Security: Meaning, Nature, Social Insurance – Social Assistance: Their Advantages – Social Defence Act

Unit - V

Current Scenario in Welfare Administration: Impact of IT – Globalisation – Liberalisation – Recent Trends in Social Welfare Policy and Social respective.

- 1. G.R. Madan "Indian Social Problems" (Vol.I & Vol.II)
- 2. Friedlander "Social Welfare"
- 3. R.C. Sanena "Labours Problem and Social Welfare"

CORE COURSE X

DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION IN INDIA

Objectives:

- Make the students to understand the basic concepts of Development Administration
- To enable the students to expose the various concepts and programmes & Development Administration

Unit I

Meaning, Nature And Scope of Development Administration – Evolution of Development Administration - Approaches To Development Administration.

Unit II

Contexts of Development Administration - Political - Economic - Cultural - Administrative - Social - Development in the International Context.

Unit II

Development Planning - Central Planning - State Planning - Local Planning.

Unit IV

Bureaucracy And Development Administration - Citizen And Administration - District Collector - DRDA - Field Level Agencies.

Unit V

Development Programmes in India: Rural and Urban Development Programmes

- 1) S.K.Chatterjee Development Administration Sultan Chand And Sons, Delhi 2005.
- 2) Rathod.P Development Administration Commonwealth Publishers, New Delhi 2005.
- 3) Sapru.R.U Development Administration Sterling Publications, New Delhi 2008.

Core Course XI

POLICE SYSTEM IN INDIA

Objectives:

- To know about the concepts of Police Administration
- To enable the students to know more about the functioning of Police

UNIT I

Meaning, Nature, Scope and Importance of Police Administration – Evolution of Police Administration in India. – Role of Police in Society.

UNIT II

Organisation of Police at National Level: Central Reserve Police Force (CRPF) – Central Bureau of Investigation (CBI) – Central Intelligent Bureau – Central Industrial Security Force (CISF) Railway Protection Force (RPF) – Border security force (BSF) – Central Crime Record Bureau (CCRB)

UNIT III

Organisation of Police Department at State level: District Police System – Commissioner of Police System – Armed Police – Women Police – Crime Branch - Criminal Investigation Department - (CB-CID).

UNIT IV

Police in Operations: Police Station - Out post- Beat - Patrol - FIR - Charge sheet - Cyber Crime - Video Piracy - Bomb detection and Disposable Squad (BDDS) - Dog Squad - Mounted Police - Finger Print Bureau - Juvenile Units.

UNIT V

Issues in Police Administration: Autonomy and accountability of Police – Police Neutrality – Police Public Relation – Police Judiciary Relation – Police and Mass Media – Custodial death – Encounter – Police and Human Rights.

BOOKS

- 1) Gary Corner, Police Administration Anderson Publishing, Australia 2010.
- 2) S.K Chaturvedi, Police Administration and Investigation of Crime Isha Books New Delhi -2005.
- 3) H.L Kapoor, Police Administration ESS publication, New Delhi 2000.

CORE COURSE XII

IT ADMINISTRATION

Objectives:

- 1. To analyse the need for e-governance and its significance.
- 2. To understand various dimensions of e-governance
- 3. To trace the impact of e-governance on contemporary administration.

UNIT – I

Traditional Administration—Disadvantage — Need for Reforms — Transparency and Accountability — Citizen oriented Administration—Information and Communication Technology.

UNIT – II

Meaning, Nature and Significance of Information in Government – E-Governance – Approaches to E- Governance – E-Governance as a Change Management Tool.

UNIT - III

National E-Governance Policy- National Informatics Centre – Delivery of Public Service through E- services.

UNIT - IV

Identity Card – Pay roll system – GIS and Local Planning – E- Panchayats –E-Governance in Urban Local Bodies - Teleconference – IT Based Projects.

UNIT – V

Cyber Crime and Law relating to E-Governance – Training – People's participation in E-governance – Change oriented administrative system – Digital India - Trends and Issues.

Reference Books

- 1. Prabhu.C.S.R. E-Governance: Concept and case studies, PHI Publishing House, Private Limited, New Delhi, 2013
- 2. Sinha.R.P. E-Governance in India, Initiatives and Issues, concept Publishing Company, New Delhi, 2006.
- 3. Urmilla Redddy, E-Governance in India, Lambert Academic Publication, New Delhi, 2012.

MAJOR BASED ELECTIVE - I

NGO - MANAGEMENT

Objectives:

- To know the significance of NGOs and Civil Societies in Contemporary Context
- To understand the Role of NGOs in Public Affairs and Administration
- To analyse the Role of NGOs in Empowering Women, Workers and Downtrodden

Unit - I

Introduction: Meaning, Nature and Importance of NGO – Types – Voluntary Action and Civil Society – Civil Society Movement in India

Unit – II

Legal aspects of NGOs: Society and Trust – Foreign Regulations Contribution Act (FRCA) - Member's Responsibilities and Liabilities – Registration and Management of NGOs.

Unit - III

Resource Mobilisation: Human Resource Training - Social Networking - Community Iniatives - NGOs in Local and Global context.

Unit - IV

NGOs and Development: Role of NGOs in Human Development, Health, Education and Employment generation - Social and Economic Empowerment

Unit - V

NGOs and Environmental Crisis: NGOs and Media – Government Control over NGOs – NGOs and Public Affairs.

Reference Books

- 1. Putnam.R, Leonard R and Naneth R.Y (eds) Making Democracy Work: Civi Tradition in Modern Italy, Princeton University, Princeton, 1992
- 2. Walzer M. The Concept of Civil Society, Walzer M (ed) 1999
- 3. Hebert, Robert D. The Jossy-Bas Hand Book of Non-Profit Leadership and Management, San Francisco, Joss-Bass Publishers, 1999.

CORE COURSE - XIII

LEGISLATIVE STUDIES (UK, USA, INDIA)

Objectives:

- 1. To make the students understand the structure of the legislature in different countries
- 2. To understand the law making process existing in different countries.

Unit - I

Theory of Separation of Power – Branches of Government – Function & Importance of Legislature.

Unit – II

Classification of Legislature : Unicameralism Evolution – Arguments in favour of Unicameralism – Bicameralism: Evolution - Arguments in favour of Bicameralism.

Unit - III

American Congress: Its Evolution – Senate: Composition, Powers and Functions – House of Representatives: Composition, Powers and Function, Law making procedure.

Unit - IV

British Parliament: Its Evolution – Households: Composition, Powers and Functions – House of Commons: Composition, Powers and Function, Law making procedure.

Unit - V

India: Evolution of Parliament: Composition, Powers and Functions – House of Rajayasabha and Lok Sabha - Law making procedure.

- 1. A.C. Kapur "Principles of Political Science" -S.Chand.Co.,new delhi.
- 2. J.C. Johari "Comparative Governments", Sterling Publishers Private Limited, New Delhi 1982.
- 3. D.C. Gupta "Indian Government and Politics"-Vikas Publishing House ,New Delhi, 1997.

CORE COURSE XIV

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW IN INDIA

Objective:

- To create awareness among the students about the salient features of Administrative Law
- To enlighten them about the Administrative Liabilities, Powers, Duties and responsibilities of Administrative officials.

Unit I

Meaning, Nature, Scope And Importance of Administrative Law- Constitutional Law And Administrative Law – Rule of Law – Reasons For The Growth of Administrative Law

Unit II

Delegated Legislation – Control Over Delegated Legislation.

Unit III

Administrative Tribunals – Courts and Administrative Tribunals – Natural Justice.

Unit IV

Classification of Administrative Actions – Administrative Discretion – Constitutional Remedies.

Unit V

Ombudsman in India – Lokpal – Lokayuktha – CVC – Role Of PIL.

- 1) DD Basu Administrative Law Prentice Hall India Private Limited, New Delhi, 1986.
- 2) C.R Takvani Administrative Law, Prentice Hall Private Limited, New Delhi, 1986.
- 3) VPD Kesari Lectures On Administrative Law, Eastern Book Company, Luck now, 2003.

CORE COURSE XV

LOCAL GOVERNMENT

Objectives:

- To know about the concepts of Local Government in India
- To enable the students to know more about the functioning of Local Government

UNIT I

Meaning, Nature and scope of Local government – Evolution of Local Government – Community Development Programme – National Extension Service – Democratic Decentralization.

UNIT II

Committees on Local Government Reforms : Balwantrai Mehta Committee – Ashok Mehta Committee – G.V.K Rao Committee – LM Singhvi Committee.

UNIT III

73rd Amendment Act and its impact on Panchayat Raj: New pattern of Panchayat Raj - District and State supervision and control over Rural Local Government.

UNIT IV

74th Amendment Act and its impact on Urban Local Government Institution - Government - State supervision and control over Urban Local bodies.

UNIT V

Financial Sources of Local Bodies – Social Auditing - Role of Political parties in Local Government – Women Representation in Local Government – Corruption in Local Bodies.

- 1) Pradeep Sachideva Local Government in India Pearson Education, New delhi 2011.
- 2) Goel S.L. and Shalini Rajneesh Panchayat Raj in India Theory and Practice-Deep and deep publication, New delhi -2003.
- 3) Maheswari S.R Local Government in India Laxmi Narain Agarwal, New Delhi 2010-2011.

MAJOR BASED ELECTIVE II

ENVIRONMENTAL ADMINISTRATION IN INDIA

Objectives:

- To create awareness among the students about significance of Environmental Administration and the need Environmental Education
- To know the Environmental Pollution and measures to prevent them
- To understand India's concern for Environmental Protection

UNIT- I

Definition- Significance of Environmental Administration- Components and Elements of Environment- Environmental Administration: Multi disciplinary Approach - Environmental Education.

UNIT-II

Environmental Degradation- Nature and Dimensions- Environmental Pollution: Air, Water, Marine, Noise, Soil, Thermal- Nuclear- Management- Pollution Prevention.

UNIT-III

Health and Environment- Environmental Information System- Ecosystem- Concept-Structure- Functions and Types of Ecosystem- Green Revolution.

UNIT IV

Solid Waste Management - Disaster Management - Tourism and Environment - Sustainable Development- Role of IT in Environment - Role of State and Local Government in Environmental Administration- Role of NGO's in Environmental Protection- Strategies for Environmental Management.

UNIT V

India's concern for Environmental Protection- Environmental Law- Environmental Policy – Pre and Post Independence Period- Statutory control over Environmental Pollution. Judicial Approach to Environment- Public Interest Litigation and Environmental Protection.

- 1. Anindita Basak, Environmental Studies, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. ltd., licenses of Pearson Education in South Asia, New Delhi, 2009.
- 2. Kailash Thakur, Environmental Protection-Law- Policy in India, Deep and Deep Publication, New Delhi, 1999.
- 3. Ghaliatwal G. R., Encyclopedia of Environmental Management.

MAJOR BASED ELECTIVE III

HUMAN RIGHTS

Objectives:

- To make the people aware of their Global and National level Rights
- To know the Human Rights violations
- To understand the Institutional safeguards to Human Rights

UNIT-I

Definition, Nature, Scope and Importance of Human Rights- Evolution of the concept of Human Rights- Approaches to Human Rights- Human Rights Education.

UNIT-II

United Nations and Human Rights - UN Charter- Universal Declaration of Human Rights (UDHR) - International Conventions and Covenants and optional protocol.

UNIT-III

Human Rights in India- Constitutional and Legal Framework- Public Interest Litigation and Human Rights- The Protection of Human Rights Act, 1993 (8th January, 1994)- Human Rights and Responsibilities.

UNIT-IV

Human Rights and Violations- Violation of Women's Right- Child Rights- Disabled Rights- Communal Violation in India- Human Rights and Policy- Terrorism and Human Rights- Gender Sensitization – Refugees – ICT and Human Rights- HIV/ AIDS and Human Rights

UNIT-V

Institutional safeguard to Human Rights- National Human Rights Commission- State Human Rights Commission, National Commission for Women, National Commission for SCs, STs- NGOs and Human Rights- Individual Activism- Right to Information.

- 1. V.T.Patil, Human Rights- Third Millennium Vision, Authors Press Publication, New Delhi, 2001.
- 2. Vinod Sharma, Human Rights Violation- A Global phenomenon, APH Publishing Corporation, New Delhi, 2002.
- 3. D. R. Kaarthikeyan, Human Rights- Problems and Solutions, Gyan Publishing House, New Delhi, 2005.